



PHOENIX
LOGISTICS

INC.

Data Bus Connector and Terminator
Requirements Document

DB-1001-A

Revision C

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1. Introduction

- 1.1. Scope. The scope of this document is to describe the design, performance and qualification test requirements of Phoenix Logistics, Inc. manufactured triaxial connectors; both threaded and bayonet, as equivalent to Raychem D-621 Series connectors that utilize D-602 contacts.
- 1.2. Description. Bayonet and threaded style connectors covered in this document are used to interconnect twinaxial cables. Bayonet style connectors shall have four different interface configurations to prevent dissimilar connectors from mating. Coupling is accomplished by either bayonet or threaded coupling nuts.
- 1.3. Cable accommodation. Connectors specified in this document are able to accommodate the following cable types:
 - 1.3.1. Single shield twinaxial cable, 24-26 AWG; reference Phoenix Logistics part number C24612
 - 1.3.2. Single shield cable, 22 AWG
 - 1.3.3. Double shield twinaxial cable; reference Phoenix Logistics part number C24613
 - 1.3.4. EMP Hardened cable; reference Phoenix Logistics part number C24614
- 1.4. Classification. Unless otherwise specified connectors covered in this document are classified as follows:
 - 1.4.1. Style:
 - 1.4.1.1. Threaded Coupling
 - 1.4.1.2. Bayonet Coupling
 - 1.4.2. Type:
 - 1.4.2.1. Plug:
 - 1.4.2.1.1. Cable Mounted
 - 1.4.2.2. Jack
 - 1.4.2.2.1. Cable Mounted
 - 1.4.2.2.2. Panel Mounted
 - 1.4.2.2.3. Bulkhead Mounted
 - 1.4.3. Class
 - 1.4.3.1. Environmental Resistant
- 1.5. Plating.
 - 1.5.1. Electroless Nickel (conductive)
 - 1.5.2. Tin Plating (for 500 hour salt spray resistance)
- 1.6. Temperature Range. Connectors covered in this specification are suitable for use over the temperature range -65° to 125° C. Operating temperature is the maximum temperature reached at any point as a result of electrical current and ambient temperature.

FIGURE 1

CONNECTOR CONFIGURATION GUIDE

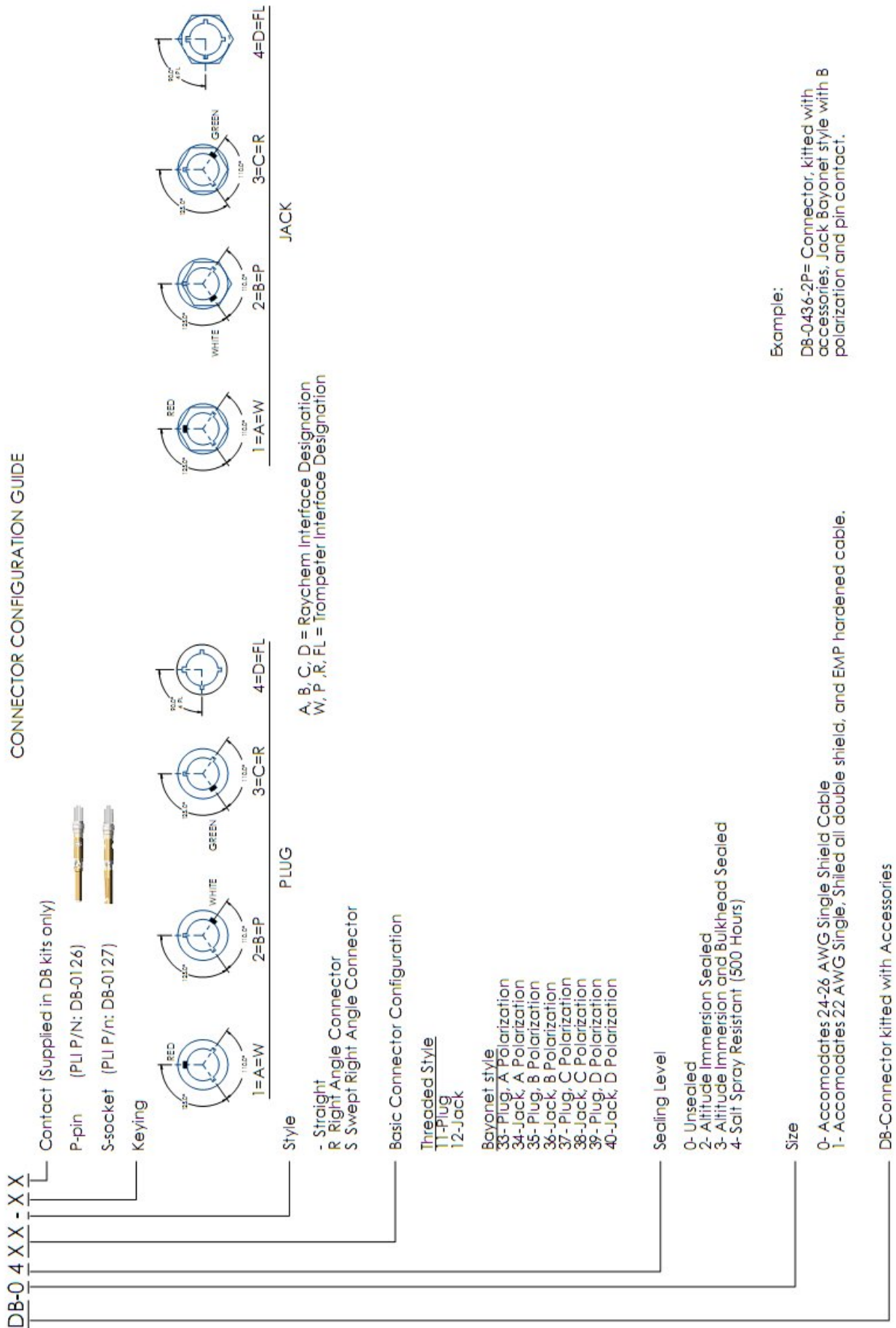


FIGURE 2
CONNECTOR INTERFACE REFERENCE

JACK CONNECTOR

Single Shielded Cable
Double Shielded Cable



DB-0412
DB-0412-P
DB-0412-S

PLUG CONNECTOR

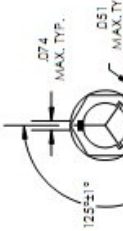
Single Shielded Cable
Double Shielded Cable



DB-0411
DB-0411-P
DB-0411-S

THREADED

BAYONET



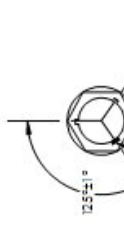
* **
1=A=W
RED



DB-0434
DB-0434-1P
DB-0434-1S



DB-0433
DB-0433-1P
DB-0433-1S



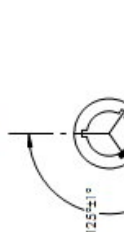
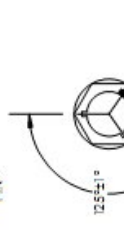
* **
2=B=P
WHITE



DB-1436
DB-1436-2P
DB-1436-2S



DB-0435
DB-0435-2P
DB-0435-2S



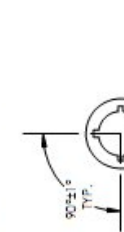
* **
3=C=R
GREEN



DB-1438
DB-1438-3P
DB-1438-3S



DB-0437
DB-0437-3P
DB-0437-3S



* **
4=D=FL



DB-1440
DB-1440-4P
DB-1440-4S



DB-0439
DB-0439-4P
DB-0439-4S



DB-0126
PIN/SOCKET **



DB-0127
SOCKET/PIN **

* Raychem Interface Designation
** Trompeter Interface Designation

FIGURE 3

CONNECTOR AND TERMINATOR MATING GUIDE - PLUG



BAYONET PLUG CONNECTOR

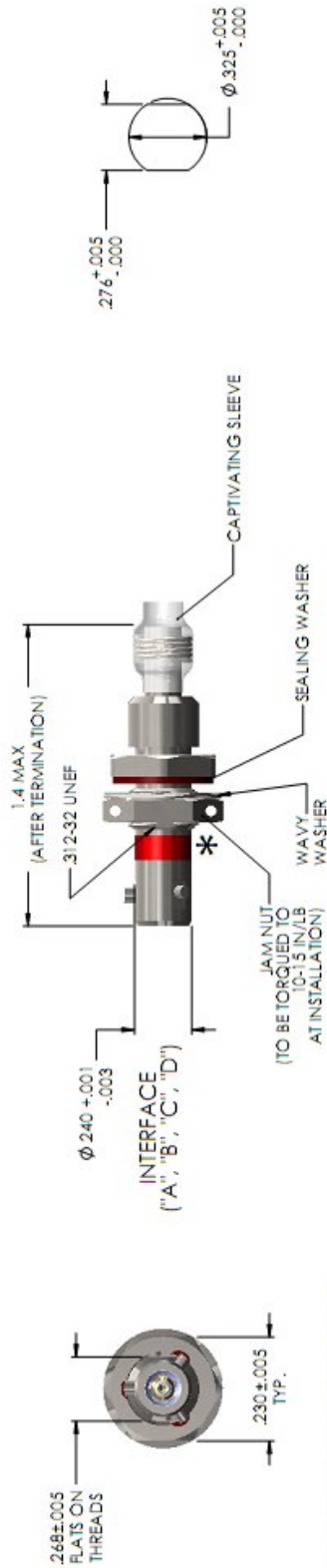
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Connector Part Number	Connector	Contact	Interface	Color Code	Mating Connector	75 Ohm Bus Terminator	3000 Ohm Stub Terminator
D8-0433	Plug	-	A	Red	D8-0434		
D8-0433-1P	Plug	Pin	A	Red	D8-0434-1S	D8-0461	D8-0465
D8-0433-1S	Plug	Socket	A	Red	D8-0434-1P	D8-0477	D8-0481
D8-0435	Plug	-	B	White	D8-0436		
D8-0435-2P	Plug	Pin	B	White	D8-0436-2S	D8-0462	D8-0466
D8-0435-2S	Plug	Socket	B	White	D8-0436-2P	D8-0478	D8-0482
D8-0437	Plug	-	C	Green	D8-0438		
D8-0437-3P	Plug	Pin	C	Green	D8-0438-3S	D8-0463	D8-0467
D8-0437-3S	Plug	Socket	C	Green	D8-0438-3P	D8-0479	D8-0483
D8-0439	Plug	-	D	N/A	D8-0440		
D8-0439-4P	Plug	Pin	D	N/A	D8-0440-4S	D8-0464	D8-0468
D8-0439-4S	Plug	Socket	D	N/A	D8-0440-4P	D8-0480	D8-0484

THREADED PLUG CONNECTOR

D8-0411	Plug	-	Threaded	N/A	D8-0412		
D8-0411-P	Plug	Pin	Threaded	N/A	D8-0412-S	D8-0406	D8-0424
D8-0411-S	Plug	Socket	Threaded	N/A	D8-0412-P	D8-0418	D8-0423

FIGURE 4
CONNECTOR AND TERMINATOR MATING GUIDE - JACK



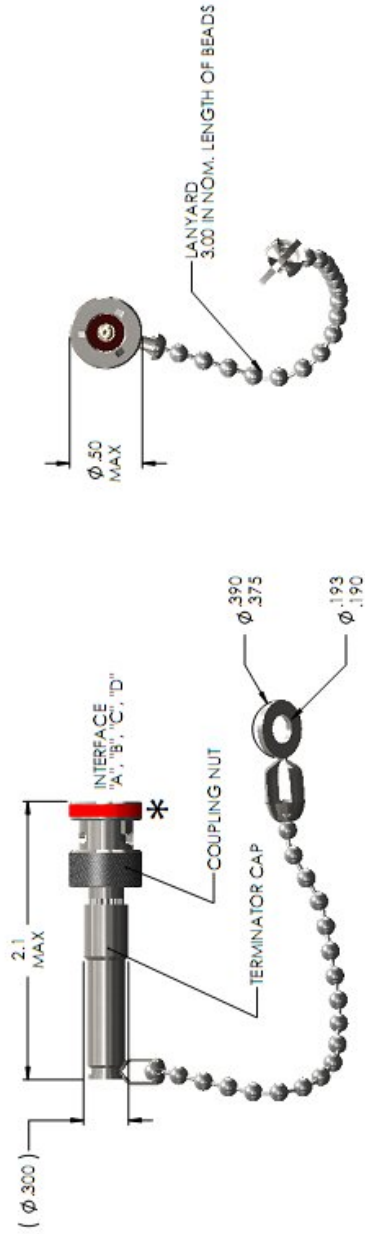
BAYONET JACK CONNECTOR

Connector Part Number	Connector	Contact	Interface	Color Code	Mating Connector Reference	78 Ohm Bus Terminator (Lanyard)	78 Ohm Bus Terminator	3000 Ohm Stub Terminator	3000 Ohm Stub Terminator (Lanyard)	Right Angle Connector
DB-0434	Jack	-	A	Red	DB-0433					
DB-0434-1P	Jack	Pin	A	Red	DB-0433-1S	DB-0469	DB-0473	DB-0473(L)	DB-0433R1S	
DB-0434-1S	Jack	Socket	A	Red	DB-0433-1P	DB-0453	DB-0457	DB-0457(L)	DB-0433R1P	
DB-0436	Jack	-	B	White	DB-0435					
DB-0436-2P	Jack	Pin	B	White	DB-0435-2S	DB-0470	DB-0474	DB-0474(L)	DB-0435R2S	
DB-0436-2S	Jack	Socket	B	White	DB-0435-2P	DB-0454	DB-0458	DB-0458(L)	DB-0435R2P	
DB-0438	Jack	-	C	Green	DB-0437					
DB-0438-3P	Jack	Pin	C	Green	DB-0437-3S	DB-0471	DB-0475	DB-0475(L)	DB-0437R3S	
DB-0438-3S	Jack	Socket	C	Green	DB-0437-3P	DB-0455	DB-0459	DB-0459(L)	DB-0437R3P	
DB-0440	Jack	-	D	N/A	DB-0439					
DB-0440-4P	Jack	Pin	D	N/A	DB-0439-4S	DB-0472	DB-0460	DB-0460(L)	DB-0439R4S	
DB-0440-4S	Jack	Socket	D	N/A	DB-0439-4P	DB-0456	DB-0476	DB-0476(L)	DB-0439R4P	

THREADED JACK CONNECTOR

DB-0412	Jack	-	Treated	N/A	DB-0411					
DB-0412-P	Jack	Pin	Threaded	N/A	DB-0411-S	DB-0415	DB-0407	DB-0407L	DB-0411RS	
DB-0412-S	Jack	Socket	Threaded	N/A	DB-0411-P	DB-0413	DB-0417	DB-0417L	DB-0411RP	

FIGURE 5
TERMINATOR CONFIGURATION GUIDE



BAYONET
78 Ω

DEMATEABLE

	Plug or Jack	Pin or Socket	Keying "A" * RED	Keying "B" * White	Keying "C" * Green	Keying "D" * N/A	Threaded
78 Ω	Plug	Pin	D8-0453 D8-0453L	D8-0454 D8-0454L	D8-0455 D8-0455L	D8-0456 D8-0413L	D8-0413 D8-0413L
78 Ω	Plug	Socket	D8-0469 D8-0469L	D8-0470 D8-0470L	D8-0471 D8-0471L	D8-0472 D8-0472L	D8-0415 D8-0415L
78 Ω	Jack	Pin	D8-0477 D8-0477L	D8-0478 D8-0478L	D8-0479 D8-0479L	D8-0480 D8-0480L	D8-0418 D8-0418L
78 Ω	Jack	Socket	D8-0461 D8-0461L	D8-0462 D8-0462L	D8-0463 D8-0433L	D8-0464 D8-0464L	D8-0406 D8-0406L

BAYONET
3000 Ω

3000 Ω	Plug	Pin	D8-0457 D8-0457L	D8-0458 D8-0458L	D8-0459 D8-0459L	D8-0476 D8-0476L	D8-0417 D8-0417L
3000 Ω	Plug	Socket	D8-0473 D8-0473L	D8-0474 D8-0474L	D8-0475 D8-0475L	D8-0460 D8-0460L	D8-0407 D8-0407L
3000 Ω	Jack	Pin	D8-0481 D8-0481L	D8-0482 D8-0482L	D8-0483 D8-0483L	D8-0484 D8-0484L	D8-0423 D8-0423L
3000 Ω	Jack	Socket	D8-0465 D8-0465L	D8-0466 D8-0466L	D8-0467 D8-0467L	D8-0468 D8-0468L	D8-0424 D8-0424L

L-Lanyard

FIGURE 6
TERMINATOR INTERFACE REFERENCE

JACK TERMINATOR
WITHOUT LANYARD

78 Ω
DB-0418 (P)
DB-0406 (S)
3000 Ω
DB-0423 (P)
DB-0424 (S)



THREADED

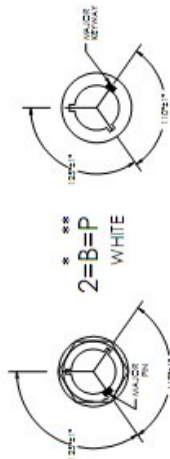
78 Ω
DB-0453 (P)
DB-0469 (S)
3000 Ω
DB-0457 (P)
DB-0473 (S)



BAYONET



78 Ω
DB-0478 (P)
DB-0462 (S)
3000 Ω
DB-0482 (P)
DB-0466 (S)



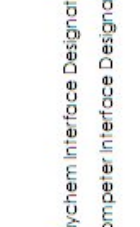
78 Ω
DB-0479 (P)
DB-0463 (S)
3000 Ω
DB-0483 (P)
DB-0467 (S)



78 Ω
DB-0490 (P)
DB-0484 (S)
3000 Ω
DB-0497 (P)
DB-0488 (S)



78 Ω
DB-0454 (P)
DB-0470 (S)
3000 Ω
DB-0458 (P)
DB-0474 (S)



78 Ω
DB-0455 (P)
DB-0471 (S)
3000 Ω
DB-0459 (P)
DB-0475 (S)



78 Ω
DB-0456 (P)
DB-0472 (S)
3000 Ω
DB-0460 (P)
DB-0460 (S)



DB-0127
SOCKET
SOCKET/PIN



DB-0126
PIN
PIN/SOCKET



• Raychem Interface Designation
•• Trompeter Interface Designation

2 Standards and Specifications

2.1 Order of Precedence. This document forms part of a specification to the extent specified herein. In the event that the requirements stated in this document conflict with the applicable drawing, the drawing shall take precedence. If this document and the referenced specifications or standards listed herein conflict, this document shall take precedence.

J-STD-004	Soldering Fluxes
J-STD-006	Electronic Grade Solder Alloys and Fluxed and Non-Fluxed Solid Solders
MIL-STD-1285	Marking of Electrical and Electronic Parts
ASTM B16	Brass, Rod, Free-Cutting, Bar and Shapes for use in Screw Machines
ASTM B196	Copper-Beryllium Alloy, Rod and Bar
ASTM A582	Stainless Steel, Bars, Free-Machining
AMS-QQ-P-35	Passivation Treatments for Corrosion-Resistant Steel
SAE-AMS-C-26074	Coatings, Electroless Nickel
ASTM B545	Coatings, Electrodeposited Tin
ISO10012-1	Calibration System Requirements
ANSI/ASQ Z1.4	Sampling Procedure
MIL-PRF-49142	Performance Specification for RF Triaxial Connectors
MIL-STD-202	Test Methods for Electronic and Electrical Component Parts
MIL-HDBK-454	General Guidelines for Electronic Equipment
MIL-STD-810	Environmental Engineering Considerations and Laboratory Tests
EIA 364	Electrical Connector Test Procedure
SP-R-0022	NASA Specification for Vacuum Requirements for Polymeric Materials for Space applications.
FED-STD-H28	Screw-Thread Standards for Federal Standard

3 Requirements

- 3.1 Design and Construction Requirements. Connectors shall be designed and constructed to withstand handling during installation and maintenance. Complete connectors shall consist of a plug or jack body with a removable pin or socket contact and mounting or mating hardware.
 - 3.1.1 Connector Bodies. Plug and Jack bodies shall meet the following requirements:
 - 3.1.1.1 Coupling. Coupling between mating connectors shall be accomplished by means of either bayonet or threaded coupling nuts.
 - 3.1.1.2 Polarization. Connector body polarization shall prevent mating of plug and receptacle shells if the connectors are not in the correct mating position.
 - 3.1.1.3 Connector Keying. Bayonet keying shall prevent the mating of any plug and jack with dissimilar interfaces. Connector keying shall occur before engagement of contacts.
 - 3.1.1.4 Mounting Hardware. Mounting hardware shall be provided with each connector jack. Mounting hardware screws shall conform to FED-STD-H28.
 - 3.1.2 Contacts. Shall be designed to withstand termination and repeated mating and unmating of connectors they are installed into. The mating surfaces shall be smooth and uniform and provide a wiping action during mating.
 - 3.1.3 Interfacial Seal. Shall be designed to eliminate leakage paths between contacts and shell when connector is fully mated and shall be mounted in a way to avoid presenting a FOD hazard in use.
 - 3.1.4 Interchangeability. All components having the same part number shall be completely interchangeable with each other for both installation and during use.
 - 3.1.5 Intermateability. All plug and jack connectors of the same series and interface configuration shall mate with each other.
- 3.2 Material Requirements
 - 3.2.1 Dissimilar Materials shall be in accordance with Guideline 16 of MIL-HDBK-454.
 - 3.2.2 Fungus Resistance shall be in accordance with Guideline 4 of MIL-HDBK-454 and Method 508.6 of MIL-STD-810.
 - 3.2.3 Hydrolytic Stability shall be in accordance with Guideline 47 of MIL-HDBK-454 for all nonmetallic materials used.
 - 3.2.4 Vacuum Stability shall be in accordance with NASA specification SP-R-022.
- 3.3 Component Materials
 - 3.3.1 Solder. Solder shall be SN63 per J-STD-006 unless otherwise specified by applicable engineering control drawing.
 - 3.3.2 Connector Housings. Unless otherwise specified, the connector housings, which includes coupling nuts, shall be brass per ASTM B16, beryllium copper per ASTM B196, or Stainless Steel per ASTM A582.
 - 3.3.2.1 Finish.
 - 3.3.2.1.1 Electroless Nickel. Components that are electroless nickel plate shall be in accordance with SAE-AMS-C-26074.
 - 3.3.2.1.2 Tin. Components that are tin plate shall be in accordance with ASTM B545.
 - 3.3.3 Materials and Finishes. All other components shall be in accordance with applicable engineering control drawings.
- 3.4 Marking. Connectors shall be marked in accordance with MIL-STD-1285 as specified on the applicable engineering control drawings.

- 3.5 Workmanship. Connectors and associated connector parts shall be processed to be uniform in quality and shall be free of burrs, sharp edges and other defects that could affect performance, life, serviceability and appearance.
- 3.6 Performance Requirements. Connector components and assemblies shall conform to the requirements specified herein and the applicable drawing. Room temperature shall be 25 +/- 5 °C unless otherwise specified. Values given as “after conditioning” refers to after any environmental exposures of Table 4.
- 3.6.1 Coupling Force. When tested as specified in 4.7.2.1 the longitudinal force required to initiate engaging or complete the disengaging of the connectors shall not exceed 10.0 lbs. (Test is sometimes called “Push-On” force).
- 3.6.2 Coupling Torque When tested as specified in 4.7.2.2 the torque necessary to fully couple and uncouple the connectors shall be as specified in Table 1.

Table 1: Coupling Torque Requirements	
Bayonet Type Connectors	5.0 in/lbs max
Threaded Type Connectors	10.0 in/lbs max
Bayonet Type Connectors Following Salt Spray Test	7.5 in/lbs max

- 3.6.3 Contact Engagement & Separation Force. When tested as specified in 4.7.3 the contact engagement and separation forces shall be as specified in Table 2.

Table 2: Contact Engagement and Separation Forces		
Contact Type	Engagement Force	Separation Force
Socket	16 oz max	1.75 oz min
Pin	6 oz max	0.5 oz min

- 3.6.4 Mating Characteristics. When tested as specified in 4.7.4 the mating dimensions shall be gauged and shall remain within the tolerance specified on the engineering control drawings of the connectors.
- 3.6.5 Magnetic Permeability. When tested as specified in 4.7.5 the relative permeability shall be 2.0 mu maximum.
- 3.6.6 Insulation Resistance. When tested as specified in 4.7.6 the insulation resistance shall be 5,000 M Ohms minimum.
- 3.6.7 Dielectric Withstanding Voltage. When tested as specified in 4.7.7 there shall be no evidence of dielectric break down during or after the test.
- 3.6.8 Contact Resistance. When tested as specified in 4.7.8 the resistance of the mated connector bodies of the connector shell (Connector Body) shall be 8 milliohms maximum. The contact resistance shall be 8 milliohms maximum for the contact inner body and 10 milliohm maximum for the contact outer body.
- 3.6.9 Coupling Over Torque. When tested as specified in 4.7.9 the connectors shall show no evidence of mechanical damage detrimental to performance.
- 3.6.10 Contact Retention. When tested as specified in 4.7.10 the applicable contact shall remain in position, with no axial movement exceeding .004.
- 3.6.11 Salt Spray. When tested as specified in 4.7.11 the connectors shall show no evidence of damage that is detrimental to the performance.
- 3.6.12 Vibration When cabled connectors are tested as specified in section 4.7.12 there shall be no electrical discontinuities greater than 1 microsecond. There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage or loosening of parts during or after this test.
- 3.6.13 Mechanical Shock (Specified Pulse). When cabled connectors are tested as specified in section 4.7.13 there shall be no electrical discontinuities greater than

- 1 microsecond. There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage or loosening of parts during or after this test.
- 3.6.14 Thermal Shock. When tested as specified in 4.7.14 there shall be no evidence of mechanical damage to the connector.
- 3.6.15 Ruggedness Proof Test. When tested as specified in 4.7.15 the connectors shall show no evidence of mechanical damage detrimental to performance.
- 3.6.16 Cable Retention Force. When tested as specified in 4.7.16 the connectors shall withstand a minimum of 25 lbs of tensile load and there shall be no evidence of mechanical failure or loosening of parts.
- 3.6.17 Coupling Mechanism Retention Force. When tested as specified in 4.7.17, the coupling mechanism shall not become dislodged from the connector.
- 3.6.18 Connector Durability. When tested as specified in 4.7.18 the coupling device shall remain functional and there shall be no evidence of mechanical damage.
- 3.6.19 Altitude Immersion. When tested as specified in 4.7.19 immersed mated connectors shall meet the IR and DWV stated in 3.6.6 and 3.6.7 respectively, while still immersed.

4 Quality Assurance

- 4.1 Responsibility. Phoenix Logistics, Inc. shall be ultimately responsible for performance of all inspection requirements as specified herein. Inspection records shall be kept complete and available to the buyer as specified in the contract or order.
- 4.1.1 A contracted testing facility may be utilized for any or all qualification test requirements stated in this document as specified in the contract or purchase order to the contracted testing facility. The contracted testing facility may use its own or any other suitable testing facilities. Test records shall be kept complete and available to Phoenix Logistics, Inc. as specified in the contract or order.
- 4.2 Calibration. A calibration system in accordance with ISO 10012-1 shall be utilized on all test and measurement equipment to control the accuracy of the tests performed.
- 4.3 Inspection Conditions. Unless otherwise stated, all inspection shall be done in accordance with EIA-364.
- 4.4 Material Inspection. Unless otherwise specified, Phoenix Logistics, Inc. will maintain materials inspection and control, consisting of certification that the materials used are in accordance with the applicable engineering control drawing prior to the assembly of the connectors.
- 4.5 Quality Conformance Inspection. Shall be performed as indicated in Table 3. In-process inspection may be used to QC inspections.
- 4.5.1 Quality Conformance Inspection shall be performed using sampling inspection per ANSI/ASQ Z1.4 as indicated in Table 3.
- 4.5.1.1 Rejected lots may be reworked or replaced and be resubmitted.
Resubmitted lots shall be inspected using tightened inspection.
- 4.5.1.2 Inspection data shall be kept on record and be available for customers.

Table 3: Quality Conformance Inspections				
Inspection / Test	Requirement Paragraph	Method Paragraph	Inspection Level	AQL
Design & Construction	3.1	4.7.1	II	1.0
Materials	3.2	4.7.1	II	1.0
Contact Insertion and Mating	3.1.2	4.7.1	S-4	1.0
Insulation Resistance; when terminated to cable	3.6.6	4.7.6	S-4	1.0

Table 4: Qualification Inspection; List and Performance Sequence

Requirement Paragraph	Procedure Paragraph	Examination or Test	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Group 5	Group 6
			Specimens Tested & Sequence					
3.1	4.7.1	Visual and Dimensional	1					
3.4	4.7.1	Marking	2					
3.5	4.7.1	Workmanship	3					
3.6.1	4.7.2.1	Coupling Force		1	5	5		2
3.6.2	4.7.2.2	Coupling Torque		2	6	6	3	3
3.6.3	4.7.3	Contact Engagement & Separation Force		3	7	7	4	4
3.6.4	4.7.4	Mating Characteristics		4				5
3.6.5	4.7.5	Permeability		5				
3.6.6	4.7.6	Insulation Resistance		6	2			7
3.6.7	4.7.7	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage		7	3			8
3.6.8	4.7.8	Contact Resistance		8		4		9
3.6.9	4.7.9	Coupling Over-torque		9				
3.6.10	4.7.10	Contact Retention			1			
3.6.11	4.7.11	Salt Spray			4			
3.6.12	4.7.12	Vibration				1		
3.6.13	4.7.13	Mechanical Shock / Specified Pulse				2		
3.6.14	4.7.14	Thermal Shock				3		
3.6.15	4.7.15	Ruggedness Proof Test				8		
3.6.16	4.7.16	Cable Retention Force					1	
3.6.17	4.7.17	Coupling Mechanism Retention Force					2	
3.6.18	4.7.18	Connector Durability						1
3.6.19	4.7.19	Altitude Immersion						6

4.6 Qualification Inspection. Testing shall be performed as defined in Table 4, in the order shown. To determine order - go to the Test Specimen Group columns first, and then perform each test for that Test Specimen Group in the order of the numbers listed.

4.6.1 Qualification Test Specimens. Connectors shall be assembled and assigned to test groups as listed in Table 5. They shall be representative of product produced under normal production processes and equipment.

4.6.1.1 Test Group 1 shall be connectors unterminated.

4.6.1.2 Test Groups 2 - 6 shall be terminated to 24 inches of C24612.

Test Group 1	24 Mating Pairs
Test Group 2	8 Mating Pairs
Test Group 3	4 Mating Pairs
Test Group 4	4 Mating Pairs
Test Group 5	4 Mating Pairs
Test Group 6	4 Mating Pairs

4.6.2 Qualification Test Report. Qualification testing is documented in Qualification Test Report D15238, and is available upon request.

4.7 METHODS OF INSPECTION

4.7.1 Visual, Marking & Workmanship (3.1 - 3.5). Connectors and associated contacts shall be examined to verify that the visual, marking, construction, physical dimensions and workmanship are in accordance with the requirements specified herein and the applicable engineering control drawings.

4.7.2 Coupling Forces

4.7.2.1 Coupling Force (3.6.1). Test shall be performed in accordance with MIL-PRF-49142.

4.7.2.2 Coupling Torque (3.6.2). Test shall be performed in accordance with MIL-PRF-49142.

4.7.3 Contact Engagement and Separation of Contacts (3.6.3). Socket contacts shall be mounted in a suitable fixture for applying gradual loads for the engagement and separation of the specified test pins of EIA-364-37, Method A. The test pins shall be inserted and removed one time from each socket contact. The engagement and separation force required for inserting and removing the maximum size test pin shall be recorded. The engagement and separation of the minimum size test pin shall be recorded.

4.7.4 Mating Characteristics (3.6.4). Testing shall be performed in accordance with MIL-PRF-49142; section 4.6.4.

4.7.5 Permeability of Nonmagnetic Materials (3.6.5). The permeability of the connector shall be tested in accordance with EIA-364-54.

4.7.6 Insulation Resistance (3.6.6). A mated connector shall be tested in accordance with EIA-364-21. Measurements shall be made between the connector and the contact and, if applicable, between the conductors of the contact.

4.7.7 Dielectric Withstanding Voltages (3.6.7). Connectors shall be tested in accordance with EIA-364-20. Unless otherwise specified test voltage shall be 900 V rms at sea level. The test shall be applied between the connector and the contact and if applicable between the conductors of the contacts.

4.7.8 Contact Resistance (3.6.8). Testing shall be performed in accordance with MIL-PRF-49142; section 4.6.16.

- 4.7.9 Coupling Over Torque (3.6.9). Terminated connector assemblies shall be mated in the normal manner. A torque of 150% of the maximum coupling torque specified shall then be applied to the coupling nut.
- 4.7.10 Contact Retention (3.6.10). An axial load of 10 lbs shall be applied to the front face of the contact of the subject connector. This load shall be held for 5 to 10 seconds in accordance with MIL-PRF-49142.
- 4.7.11 Salt Spray (3.6.11). Terminated mating connectors shall be mated and unmated 50 times prior to being exposed 452 hours of salt fog in accordance with EIA-364-26. The connector shall then be unmated and exposed for 48 hours of salt fog, followed by 450 mating and un-mating cycles (The 450 mating cycles are done after salt fog and not during).
- 4.7.12 Vibration (3.6.12).

NOTE: Cabled connectors shall be mounted in a manner similar to actual use and electrical continuity shall be monitored throughout the test.

4.7.12.1 Bayonet connector shall be tested per EIA-364-28; condition V, except the duration shall be 4 hours in each of three perpendicular axes using the spectrum diagram shown on figure 7, followed by 4 hours in each of the same axes using the spectrum diagram shown in figure 8.

4.7.12.2 Threaded connectors shall be tested per EIA-364-28; Condition IV, except the frequency range shall be 2,000 to 4,000 Hz.

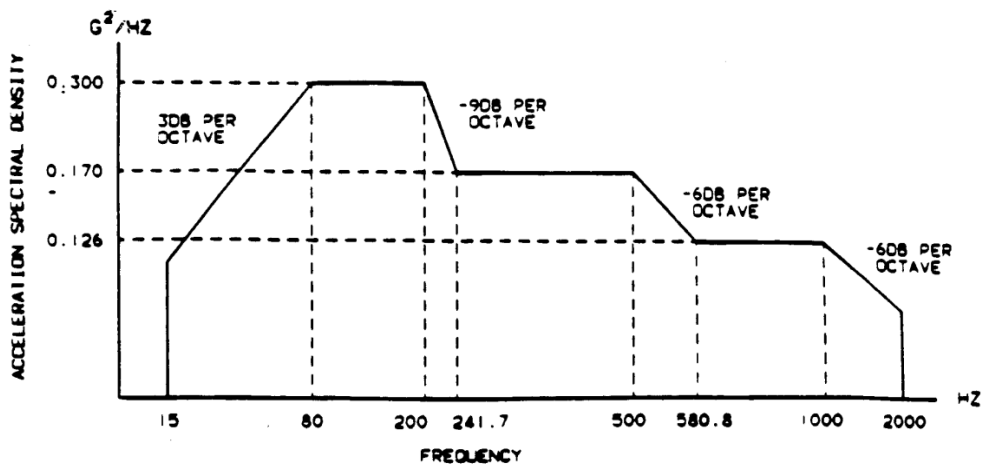


FIGURE 7. Functional Vibration Test Curve (15.3 grms)

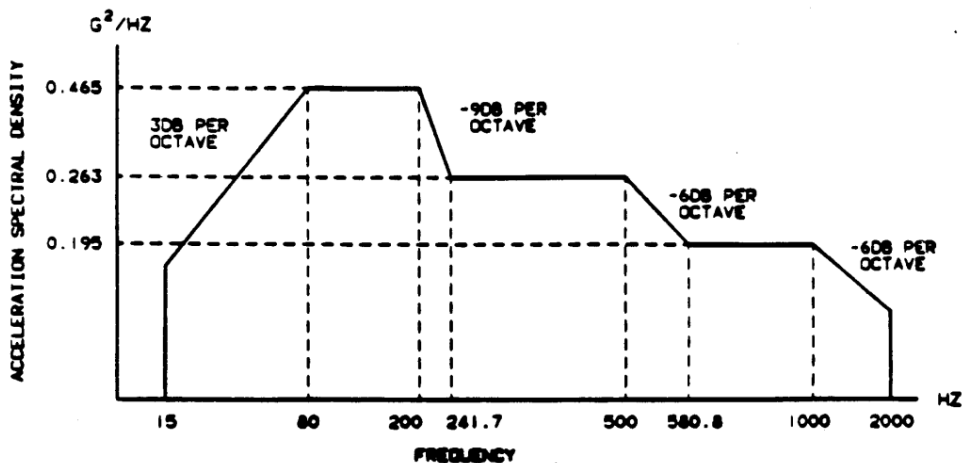


FIGURE 8. Functional Vibration Test Curve (19 grms)

- 4.7.13 Mechanical Shock (Specified Pulse) (3.6.13).
- 4.7.13.1 Bayonet type connectors shall be tested per EIA-364-27; condition E (50g Saw tooth).
- 4.7.13.2 Threaded type connectors shall be tested per EIA-364-27; condition C (100g Half Sine).
- 4.7.14 Thermal Shock (3.6.14). Unmated connectors shall be subjected to MIL-STD-202; Method 107, Test Condition B-3.
- 4.7.15 Ruggedness Proof Test (3.6.15). Terminated, mated, connector assemblies shall be subjected to tensile loading by pulling on each cable with a force of 25 and maintained for one minute minimum. Connectors shall be inspected for any damage.
- 4.7.16 Cable Retention Forces (3.6.16). When tested, the connector shall be assembled to its mating test cable, as defined in 4.6.1. The connector shall be firmly fixed and a movable sleeve attached to the cable. The sleeve is then moved longitudinally away from the fixed connector gradually and in such a manner that the cable remains unbent and untwisted. A scale for measuring the retention force shall be attached to the sleeve. The force shall be held for a minimum of 30 seconds. The assembly shall then be examined for mechanical failures, loosening or rupture and tested with a suitable low voltage continuity circuit. With the connector still in the fixed position a torque shall be applied in both directions as specified. The cable shall then be bent at a radius 10 times the diameter of the cable, starting at the connector, at a $90^{\circ} \pm 5^{\circ}$ angle from the axis of the connector, then reversed $180^{\circ} \pm 10^{\circ}$. Repeat this procedure four times, then retest and reexamine as outlined above.
- 4.7.17 Coupling Mechanism Retention Force (3.6.17). The connector body and coupling mechanism shall be secured to the lower and upper jaws, respectively, of a suitable device capable of tensile load. Tensile load shall be applied at a rate of approximately 100 pounds per minute up to 100 pounds minimum and held for 1 minute. During the 1 minute of constant force, the coupling mechanism shall be rotated with respect to the connector body, two full revolutions in each direction.
- 4.7.18 Connector Durability (3.6.18). Mated connectors shall be subjected to 500 cycles of mating and unmating at approximately 300 cycles per hour. Debris may only be shaken or blow away from threads and interface surfaces at intervals of no less than 50 cycles. No tools or solvents can be used to clean.
- 4.7.19 Altitude Immersion (3.6.19). Mated connectors shall be tested in accordance with EIA-364-03.